

Annotated Bibliography

Arkansas History Online Resources

Available from the Arkansas Department of Education (ADE) Website

<http://arkansased.org/teachers/links.html>

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The Teachers section of the ADE website features information on all curriculum areas. In addition to lesson plans and a booklet about African American History Makers, there is a lengthy list of Arkansas history websites. This annotated bibliography provides a review of the authenticity of publisher/agency/individual authorship as well as the descriptive details of the site itself. The bibliography is arranged in the way the website links are listed on the Arkansas History Website page. The names of the links and the URLs are all in boldface type.

Public History Program. (2001). ***A-Z Biographies of the Fabulous Women of Arkansas***. Retrieved May 19, 2008, from A Gathering of Women website:

<http://www.ualr.edu/arwomen/biographies.htm>

UALR, in conjunction with *The Arkansas Women's History Institute*, has compiled a list of famous Arkansas women. This list includes short biographies of women who played significant roles in Arkansas history. The women included range from authors to actresses to business leaders to politicians.

University of Arkansas. (2007). ***Arkansas Archeological Survey***. Retrieved May 19, 2008, from the Arkansas Archeological Survey website: [http://www.uark.edu/campus-](http://www.uark.edu/campus-resources/archinfo/index.html)

[resources/archinfo/index.html](http://www.uark.edu/campus-resources/archinfo/index.html)

This website describes the prehistory and history of Arkansas and provides archeological services and materials to teachers and students. Teacher packets, flyers, exhibits, books, and videos are available to aid in the teaching of Arkansas history and/or Native American culture. Teaching Resources page gives instruction on how to borrow or access these materials.

U.S. Census Bureau. (2008). ***Arkansas QuickFacts from the US Census Bureau***. Retrieved May 19, 2008, from the U.S. Census Bureau website:

<http://quickfacts.census.gov/qfd/states/05000.html>

The U.S. Census Bureau provides three types of statistics pertaining to Arkansas: People QuickFacts, Business QuickFacts, and Geography QuickFacts. These statistics correspond with

the USA's QuickFacts. Population estimates are broken down by race, age, educational background, and living situations. Also provided are housing statistics, per capita income, employment information, and land area. **Note: The ADE lists this as Arkansas Census (Information by County)**

Arkansas Council for the Social Studies. (2007). *Arkansas Council for the Social Studies*.

Retrieved May 19, 2008, from the Arkansas Council for the Social Studies website:

<http://www.arkansassocialstudies.com/default.asp>

This website's resources page provides three links to other sites that provide lesson plans relating to Arkansas history. By following the links and performing a search using the term(s) "Arkansas" and "lesson plan," several results are obtained. Topics vary from Arkansas anaconda to Arkansas diamonds. A lesson about the "extinct" woodpecker is also available.

Department of Arkansas Heritage. (2005). *The Department of Arkansas Heritage*. Retrieved May 21, 2008, from the Department of Arkansas Heritage website:

<http://www.arkansasheritage.com/>

The Department of Arkansas Heritage offers ten various educational resources for individuals, schools, and community groups for use in learning about Arkansas. The Educators page describes the resources offered. These include tours, programs, presentations, educational materials, loan items, workshops, and funding. Lesson plan topics are the American Indian Removal, the Civil War in Arkansas, and the Louisiana Purchase. Also available are resource boxes and traveling exhibits for loan. **Note: This replaces the item on the ADE list called "Arkansas History Lesson Plans."**

Arkansas Educational Television Network. (2008). *Arkansas Educational Television Network*.

Retrieved May 21, 2008, from the Arkansas Educational Television Network website:

<http://www.aetn.org/>

Arkansas IDEAS is a partnership between AETN and the Arkansas Department of Education to offer professional development and resources to Arkansas educators. The Classroom Tools section offers resources pertaining to Arkansas history as well as other educational topics. Some of the resources offered to teachers are Arkansas studies (virtual tours, video series, and preservation programs), PBS teacher resources, and an online resource library.

Arkansas Forestry Association. (2008). *Arkansas Forestry Association*. Retrieved on May 21, 2008, from the Arkansas Forestry Association website: <http://www.arkforests.org/>

This organization is dedicated to developing an appreciation for Arkansas's forests and encouraging the management of forest resources. The website's educational link provides information for workshops being held across the state; Project Learning Tree (PLT), which offers teacher courses providing classroom teachers with resources and lesson plans; bibliographies of books for classroom use; and links to websites supporting nature and forestry.

Arkansas Game and Fish Commission. (2008). **Arkansas Wildlife – Arkansas Outdoors—Arkansas Game and Fish Commission**. Retrieved on June 4, 2008, from the Arkansas Game and Fish Commission website: <http://www.agfc.com/>

The Arkansas Game and Fish Commission has established Nature and Education Centers across the Natural State to inform and educate Arkansans about available natural resources. These sites are “intended to help people of all ages better understand their natural surroundings.” Each center provides teacher resources, including professional development opportunities and fieldtrip information.

Arkansas Geographic Alliance. (n.d.). **Arkansas Geographic Alliance**. Retrieved on June 4, 2008, from the Arkansas Geographic Alliance website: <http://www.geocities.com/arkgeo2000/>

This website offers resources and support for teaching geography. Those interested may sign up to join the organization’s list serve. Links give information related to national geography activities.

Arkansas Geological Commission. (n.d.). **Arkansas Geological Commission**. Retrieved on June 4, 2008, from the Arkansas Geological Commission website: <http://www.state.ar.us/agc/agc.htm>

This organization’s mission is "to develop and provide knowledge of the geology and hydrogeology of the State, to stimulate the orderly development, and to encourage the effective management and utilization of the State's mineral, fossil-fuel, and water resources, while protecting the environment." This site includes resources about Arkansas earthquakes, minerals, and maps.

Pine Bluff/Jefferson County Library. (n.d.). **Black History Sites**. Retrieved on June 4, 2008, from the Pine Bluff/Jefferson County Library website: <http://pbjc-lib.state.ar.us/BlackHistory.htm>

Black History websites are listed. Although some of the links listed were inactive, others were available. Resources included Web quests on the Little Rock Nine, biographies, and interactive quizzes. **Note: ADE lists this as Arkansas History and African Americans-Helpful Links.**

Arkansas History Commission. (2007). **Arkansas History Commission & State Archives Preserves Arkansas History**. Retrieved on June 4, 2008, from the Arkansas History Commission website: <http://www.ark-ives.com/>

Located in Little Rock, this organization is responsible for “organizing and maintaining the state and local history of Arkansas by collecting manuscript materials, census records, military records, family histories, and various county, state and federal records.” Research can be conducted using manuscripts, books, microfilm, newspapers, maps, and photographs.

Arkansas Historical Association. (2007). **Arkansas Historical Association**. Retrieved on June 4, 2008, from the Arkansas Historical Association website: <http://www.uark.edu/depts/arkhist/home/>

The organization publishes *Arkansas Historical Quarterly*, which includes lesson plans along with

accompanying worksheets. The association's publication provides readers with scholarly articles on Arkansas history. **Note: ADE lists this as Arkansas History Summer Institute Lesson Plans.**

Arkansas Humanities Council. (1997). *Arkansas Humanities Council*. Retrieved on June 4, 2008, from the Arkansas Humanities Council website: <http://www.arkhums.org/>

The Arkansas Humanities Council offers grants to educators. Additionally, there is an extensive list of resources available as exhibits, videos, and audios. The resources are categorized by the following subjects: African American Studies, Anthropology and Archeology, Architecture, Art, Folklore, Government, History, Literature, Music, Philosophy and Ethics, Public Policy Issues, Religious Studies, Technology, Science and Nature, and Women's Studies.

ASMS Student Collections of Primary Documents of Arkansas History. (n.d.). *Arkansas Memory Project*. Retrieved on June 5, 2008, from the Arkansas Memory Project website:

<http://asms.k12.ar.us/armem/>

"The Arkansas Memory Project...is a digital archive of primary source materials designed for use by students and teachers in Arkansas classrooms. It is a collection of official documents, publications, maps, letters, narratives, recordings, photographs, art, and other artifacts from Arkansas." The project includes a [lesson plan](#) for teachers explaining the process, and many of the collections feature lesson plans as well.

Arkansas Museum of Science and History. (2006). *Arkansas Museum of Discovery*. Retrieved on June 5, 2008, from the Museum of Science and History website: <http://www.amod.org/>

The Arkansas Museum of Discovery offers fieldtrips as well as pre- and post-fieldtrip materials, including questions, terms, and lesson plans to use when visiting the museum. One of the lessons focuses on Arkansas animals while other lessons deal with farming in Arkansas and the role the bear played in the lives of the Native Americans of Arkansas.

National Park Service. (2008). *Arkansas Post National Memorial (U.S. National Park Service)*. Retrieved on June 5, 2008, from National Park Service website:

<http://www.nps.gov/arpo/index.htm>

School groups are invited to come and visit Arkansas Post, which offers guided tours, a museum, and wildlife. Information about scheduling a visit is provided in a link on the webpage. Off-site visits are also available. Resources available on the website include battle maps, famous people, places, history, and science topics.

Works Progress Administration - WPA. (2000). *Arkansas Post Office Murals Home Page*.

Retrieved on June 5, 2008, from the University of Arkansas website:

<http://www.uca.edu/cfac/art/murals/homepage2.htm>

In order to provide relief to artists during the Great Depression, the WPA employed artists to paint murals in post offices. This website displays the murals painted in Arkansas post offices

with background information on the location of the painting as well as biographical information on the artist.

Arkansas Department of Parks and Tourism. (2008). *Arkansas State Parks – Arkansas Tourism – State Parks*. Retrieved on June 5, 2008, from the Arkansas Department of Parks and Tourism website: <http://www.arkansasstateparks.com/>

The education link on this website gives fieldtrip information for teachers about student preparation, lunch options, and housing arrangements. The Arkansas Department of Parks and Tourism also provides lesson resources including history handbooks and bookmarks. There are brochures for each state park along with fieldtrip information.

Arkansas State University Museum. (2008). *Arkansas State University – Powering Minds*. Retrieved on June 5, 2008, from the Arkansas State University website:

<http://museum.astate.edu/>

The museum has information about the natural history and cultural heritage of Arkansas. The website provides audio podcasts; online collections; tours, both self-guided and guided; traveling suitcases; and Museum by Mail. Some of the lessons focus on Arkansas treasures, Native Americans, fossils, earthquakes, pioneer living, and dinosaurs.

Museum of Prehistory and History. (n.d.). *Museum of Prehistory and History*. Retrieved on June 5, 2008, from the Arkansas Tech University website:

<http://museum.atu.edu/main%20page.htm>

This museum focuses on collections, conservation, and research relating to people and events along the Arkansas River Valley from prehistoric times to the present. Tours are available for schools, along with hands-on activities for all grade levels. Some of the activity titles include “Trash-Box Archeology,” “Native American Tools & Games,” “The Human Loom Machine,” and “Storyboard: *Good Hunting, Blue Sky.*”

Arkansas Time Traveler. (n.d.) *Arkansas Time Traveler – Virtual Time Traveler Tours*. Retrieved on June 5, 2008, from the Arkansas Memory Project website:

http://165.29.91.7/armem/virtual_tour2002/MeganAnders/Virtual_Tour.htm

This website guides and directs students to become Time Travelers. After reading the description of an Arkansas highway, students travel down the same road, record what they see, compare it to how the road looked in the past, and take note of the changes. This allows them to predict future changes from patterns they notice. The virtual tours can then be placed on the website for viewing, or classes can view those already created. Some tours have lesson plans or other resources available.

Central Arkansas Library System. (n.d.). *Butler Center for Arkansas Studies*. Retrieved on February 17, 2009 from the Central Arkansas Library System website:

<http://www.cals.lib.ar.us/butlercenter/index.html>

The Butler Center maintains a research library and archival collection located in the Arkansas Studies Institute, part of the Main Library Campus in downtown Little Rock's River Market District. Butler Center Books is the book publishing program, while BASE (Books for Arkansas Students' Education) is an innovative program that provides free books on Arkansas history and culture to public high schools across the state. Other resources include an oral history project, workshops and other training programs, and a number of initiatives to assist teachers with curricular materials. Digital collections of lesson plans searchable by framework or grade level are available, as are audio clips of oral histories searchable by subject or interviewee.

Arkansas Democrat-Gazette. (2000). **Historic Front Pages from the Arkansas Democrat and Arkansas Gazette**. Retrieved June 12, 2008, from the Arkansas Online website:
<http://www.ardemgaz.com/prev/central>

The *Arkansas Democrat-Gazette* has republished the front pages of the *Arkansas Democrat* and *Arkansas Gazette* during the Central High Crisis of 1957. These pages run from August 29, 1957, through October 4, 1957. The newspaper has also provided links to timelines, important figures, editorials, and speeches concerning the crisis. The site also contains resources gathered for the 1997 40th anniversary of the Central High desegregation. **Note: The ADE lists this as Central High Crisis – Historic Papers.**

Rains, C. (1997). **Central High Visitor's Center and Museum**. Retrieved June 12, 2008, from Little Rock Central High 40th Anniversary website: <http://www.centralhigh57.org/visitors.htm>
This webpage promotes the resource and events located at the Central High School Museum Visitor Center contained in the Mobil service station at 14th and Park Streets. The museum is dedicated to preserving the history of the 1957 crisis. The webpage includes a timeline of the 1957–58 school year, a calendar of activities, and news releases.

University of Arkansas Special Collections. (n.d.). **Daisy Bates Papers**. Retrieved June 12, 2008, from University of Arkansas Libraries website:
<http://libinfo.uark.edu/SpecialCollections/findingaids/batesaid/batesaid.html>
The webpage contains information about Daisy Bates and her significant role in Arkansas history. It contains a detailed listing of the contents of the collection, which was given to Special Collections in 1986. The collection contains general and NAACP correspondence, correspondence of her husband, financial records, materials from the Mitchellville OEO Self-Help Project, memorabilia, honors, awards, photographs, newspaper clippings, audio tapes, and film.

The Department of Arkansas Heritage. (2008). **Delta Cultural Center**. Retrieved June 12, 2008, from Delta Cultural Center website: <http://www.deltaculturalcenter.com/>
The Delta Cultural Center is located in Helena, Arkansas. The webpage contains information about its permanent and temporary exhibits. The cultural center has many educational resources, including "Discover the Delta!" lesson plans and classroom activities. A calendar of events and information on the Arkansas Blues and Heritage Festival, formerly known as the King

Biscuit Blues Festival, is available. The webpage also provides a downloadable version of the weekly blues music program, *Delta Sounds*, from KFFA-AM 1360.

Butler Center for Arkansas Studies/CALS. (2006). **Encyclopedia of Arkansas History & Culture**. Retrieved February 15, 2009, from the Encyclopedia of Arkansas website:

<http://www.encyclopediaofarkansas.net>

Launched in May of 2006, *The Encyclopedia of Arkansas History & Culture* is a free, authoritative source of information about the rich history, geography, and culture of Arkansas. It is updated regularly to ensure the people of Arkansas have an accurate and accessible resource to explore Arkansas's heritage. It will also benefit people outside the state who are seeking information about Arkansas. Educators are invited to [browse the text entries](#) and [media galleries](#) to learn more about the people, places, events, legends, and lore of the 25th state. This site is a work in progress. New entries, photographs, maps, videos, and audio files will be added through the end of 2010, so check back frequently to see [what's new](#). Teachers who are teaching Arkansas history may wish to start with the [Arkansas Overview](#) entry.

Kids Konnect. (2008). **Kids Konnect- Arkansas**. Retrieved June 12, 2008, from Kids Konnect website: <http://www.kidskonnect.com/content/view/168/27/>

Kids Konnect provides an introduction to the state of Arkansas that is appropriate for elementary students. It lists basic facts and has pictures of the state seal and symbols. It provides kid-friendly links to provide further information about Arkansas and its history. **Note: The ADE website lists this as Facts about Arkansas (Elementary Students).**

Arkansas Archeological Survey. (2007). **Indians of Arkansas**. Retrieved June 12, 2008, from Indians of Arkansas website: <http://arkarcheology.uark.edu/indiansofarkansas/index.html>

The resources and material of this website were originally contained in a **First Encounters** educational CD-ROM project. That CD-ROM is no longer available. These materials have been updated since that project. The site contains information on the Native Americans who lived in Arkansas and their encounters with European Explorers. Writing prompts and learning exercises appropriate for middle school through college-level students are available.

Public History Program, University of Arkansas at Little Rock. (2001). **A Gathering of Women: Arkansas Women 1930–2000**. Retrieved June 12, 2008, from A Gathering of Women website:

<http://www.ualr.edu/arwomen/index.htm>

UALR and the Arkansas Women's History Institute have gathered resources to promote the study of everyday women's history in Arkansas. These include a general overview of life for an Arkansas woman across major time periods, biographies of significant women in Arkansas, links to women's organizations, lesson plans, links to other women's history websites, and a complete bibliography of works written by or about Arkansas women. The site also includes a survey for women who live in or have lived in Arkansas.

The Department of Arkansas Heritage. (2008). *Historic Arkansas Museum*. Retrieved June 29, 2008, from Historic Arkansas Museum website:

<http://www.arkansashistory.com/visiting/admission.asp>

The Historic Arkansas Museum offers a variety of educational resources. Schools may schedule fieldtrips to tour the museum. Teachers may borrow loan boxes to use in the classroom or even download materials from the website. Lesson plans correspond with upcoming exhibits, and materials are available for elementary, middle, and high school students. Teachers can also download "Chapters in Arkansas History." This is a series of educational materials for Arkansas students. They are most appropriate for upper elementary and middle school students and are not based on museum exhibits.

History Department of Southern Arkansas University at Magnolia. (2003). *History of Southwest Arkansas*. Retrieved June 14, 2008, from History of Southwest Arkansas website:

<http://www.peace.saumag.edu/swark/>

This site contains Arkansas history materials for K-12 students with a focus on Southwest Arkansas by providing links to history sites and groups in Southwest Arkansas. It contains photographs of Southwest Arkansas, information from the *Arkansas Historical Quarterly*, oral history projects, lesson plans, and student projects.

Arkansas Secretary of State 2002. (2002). *The Louisiana Purchase Bicentennial in Arkansas*.

Retrieved June 14, 2008, from the Arkansas Bicentennial Commemoration of the Louisiana Purchase website: <http://www.lapurchase.org/>

The Arkansas Secretary of State's Office collected resources on Arkansas's role in the Louisiana Purchase to commemorate the bicentennial of the event. There are many resources listed here, including educational resources, living history presentations, photographs, and other links.

Division of Parks and Recreation City of Little Rock. (n.d). *MacArthur Museum of Arkansas Military History*. Retrieved June 14, 2008, from MacArthur Museum of Arkansas Military History website: <http://www.arkmilitaryheritage.com/>

The museum website has educational packets available for teachers' classroom use. Some of these relate to museum exhibits, and others are based on Arkansas social studies frameworks. Scavenger hunts are used to tour the museum exhibits and grounds.

Old Independence Regional Museum. (2008). *Old Independence Regional Museum*. Retrieved June 14, 2008, from Old Independence Regional Museum website: <http://www.oirm.org/>

The Old Independence Regional Museum in Batesville, Arkansas preserves the history of the twelve counties that were formerly known as Independence County. The website contains lesson plan guides for multiple grade levels that correspond to the permanent exhibits at the museum.

The Department of Arkansas Heritage. (2008). *Old State House Museum*. Retrieved June 14, 2008, from Old State House Museum website: <http://www.oldstatehouse.org/>

The Old State House Museum provides information on tours and educational resources for permanent and temporary exhibits. There are links to lesson plans, loan boxes, activities, games, and quizzes. Information on teachers' workshops and summer programs for students is available. Students can also enjoy a video gallery of previous exhibits.

Arkansas Humanities Resource Center. (1996). *Persistence of the Spirit: African-American Experience in Arkansas*. Retrieved June 14, 2008, from Persistence of the Spirit: African-American Experience in Arkansas website: <http://www2.aristotle.net/persistence/>

This website contains historical research on the African-American experience in Arkansas. It contains a historical narrative, photographs, and links to other resources. The Arkansas Humanities Resource Center provides a calendar of films, exhibits, and presentations based on African-American culture and history.

Arkansas Secretary of State. (2008). *Arkansas Secretary of State Charlie Daniels*. Retrieved June 14, 2008, from Arkansas Secretary of State Charlie Daniels website:

<http://www.sosweb.state.ar.us/index.html>

The Secretary of State's Office offers several educational resources. Students can explore Arkansas history and facts or download activity books. Teachers can order free student packets on the Arkansas constitution or voting. There are also PowerPoint presentations and classroom activities to download.

Shiloh Museum of Ozark History. (2008). *Shiloh Museum of Ozark History*. Retrieved June 14, 2008, from the City of Springdale website: <http://www.springdaleark.org/shiloh/>

The Shiloh Museum located in Springdale, Arkansas, focuses on the Northwest Arkansas Ozark region. The museum has six historic buildings to tour and a research library. It offers programs, lectures, and permanent and temporary exhibits, as well as lesson plans and discovery boxes for teachers. There are also resources for students, including a how-to corner with directions for things like growing sweet potatoes and making a wooden top.

Arkansas State Library. (n.d.). *Arkansas State Library*. Retrieved June 16, 2008, from Arkansas State Library website: <http://www.asl.lib.ar.us/>

The webpage of the Arkansas State Library contains links to the Arkansas Traveler Project, E-Rate assistance, patents and trademarks, the Library for the Blind and Physically Handicapped, Library Services and Technology Act information, and Arkansas book awards.

McBride, B. (1994). *The Arkansas Vietnam Veterans Memorial*. Retrieved June 16, 2008, from Vietnam Veterans Home Page website: <http://grunt.space.swri.edu/arkmem.htm>

This webpage is dedicated to the Arkansas Vietnam Veterans Memorial, including background information and photographs of the memorial. The Vietnam Veterans Home Page contains links to all known Vietnam Veteran memorials and other information about the Vietnam War.

National Register of Historic Places. (n.d.). *Daisy Bates House*. Retrieved June 16, 2008, from We Shall Overcome: Historic Places of the Civil Rights Movement website:

<http://www.nps.gov/history/nr/travel/civilrights/ak2.htm>

The Daisy Bates House is a National Historic Landmark and is listed as a Historic Place of the Civil Rights Movement. The webpage gives a brief history of Daisy Bates and the significance of her home for the civil rights movement in Arkansas. There are also links to other civil rights monuments.

University of Arkansas at Little Rock. (n.d.). **The Japanese-American Experience in WWII in Arkansas**. Retrieved February 15, 2009 from the Life Interrupted website:

<http://www.ualr.edu/lifeinterrupted/>

"Life Interrupted" is a partnership between the University of Arkansas at Little Rock public history program and the Japanese American National Museum in Los Angeles, California. The mission is to further populate the archives of documents and artifacts; raise money for signage and conservation efforts at Jerome and Rohwer; make curriculum materials available; and continue educational efforts by talking to groups, making presentations at academic conferences, and publishing research whenever possible.

Arkansas State University. (n.d.). **Hemingway-Pfeiffer Museum and Educational Center**.

Retrieved June 16, 2008, from Arkansas State University Heritage website:

<http://hemingway.astate.edu/>

The Hemingway-Pfeiffer Museum and Educational Center is located in Piggott, Arkansas. The museum is housed in the family home of Ernest Hemingway's second wife, Pauline Pfeiffer. The museum has published a brief history, photographs, and a family timeline. There is also information about school tours, retreats, and workshops.

U.S. Department of the Interior. (n.d.). **National Park Service**. Retrieved June 16, 2008, from National Park Service website: <http://www.nps.gov/>

The National Parks website can be searched by using the name of any national park in the United States. There are materials for teaching with historic places, teacher resources for archeology, and how to teach minority cultural heritage preservation. Students will enjoy "The Great American Landmarks Adventure" and "American Defenders of Land, Sea, and Sky" Web quests. Students can also explore the Ranger ZONE, where they will learn how to be a junior ranger.